

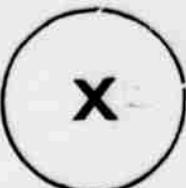
Hartford • Herald

HEBER MATTHEWS, FRANK L. FELIX,
EDITORS.
FRANK L. FELIX, Pub. and Prop'r.

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DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President—Woodrow Wilson.
For Vice Pres't.—T. R. Marshall.
For Congress—Hon. Ben Johnson.



No Progressive would violate any principle of his party (he wouldn't even offend Col. Roosevelt) by voting for President Wilson. He would simply be keeping in line with Progressive sentiment. President Wilson, by his act, and personality, represents more Progressive sentiment than Hughes or any other man in the Republican party. A Progressive loses his identity by voting for Hughes. He has all to gain and nothing to lose by voting for Wilson.

For sixteen years this country had a Republican administration of McKinley, Roosevelt and Taft and yet there was no reform of the currency, no federal reserve bank legislation, no act giving relief to the farmers nor anything else of the kind that has come under the wise and considerate administration of Woodrow Wilson. No Republican can point to a single piece of legislation in all the above named years equal to even one of the many acts passed by the Democrats in the last three and a-half years.

There is absolutely no time now to lose. The election is next Tuesday. Every Democrat in Ohio county should bestir himself and work without ceasing until election day. The Presidential ticket and a Congressman are all that is now in the field. Woodrow Wilson and Ben Johnson deserve the support of every man who values able service at the head of our Government. These men should receive a handsome majority in Ohio county. The matter is important. Let every Democrat do his duty.

Much of the campaign talk and literature that is being dispensed by Republican campaign managers and leaders is nothing more nor less than an appeal to the ignorance of the voter. They predict calamities which they say would occur if Wilson is re-elected that are entirely without the bounds of reason or possibility. The mere fact that we are now under a Democratic administration that would not be changed by Wilson's re-election ought to reassure every voter. But the Republican speakers do not want the voters to consider this.

It remains to be seen what the Progressives of Ohio county are going to do next Tuesday in the matter of voting. Some of them may go back to their old boss, the Republican party, whose leaders yet seek to boss the Progressive voter. But to any politically unprejudiced man this would seem to be not only submitting to their former enemies but taking the advice of a leader (Roosevelt) who has betrayed them in high-handed and most outrageous manner. A Progressive would be sticking to his principles by voting for Woodrow Wilson.

Four years ago in Ohio county Roosevelt got 1,825 votes and Taft 1,155. Wilson—untried, comparatively unknown—received 2,563 votes, giving him a majority over Roosevelt of 738. The Republican campaign managers are now claiming that Progressivism (representing nearly 2,000 voters) has been stamped out in Ohio county and that their majority over Wilson will be between 600 and 800. President Wilson's record is not only known but popular in Ohio county. The Republican spellbinders will find him very much in the race and the Republican majority very much less than the above figures.

The Republican campaign managers are flooding the country with money, the purpose of which is evident. Many people are wondering where all this money is coming from, since the Democrats have not enough for legitimate expenses. There is

one explanation which seems reasonable. The "big interests"—the fellows who are profiting immensely by the war—are afraid of President Wilson's peace policy. They don't want peace; they don't want the war to close. It is a matter of strict business with them. They can well afford to spend millions for the election of a candidate whose every speech assures the continuance of big warfare.

One of our local Republican speakers is accused of making Democratic speeches around over the county. From what we have heard about it, this seems to be true. It is alleged that in the course of his speeches this Republican attacked the high cost of living and said that while Irish potatoes formerly sold at from 75c to \$1 per bushel, the tubers were now bringing \$1.75 per bushel, and other farm products in proportion. All this he charged up to the Democratic administration. He seemed to forget however, that he was talking to the class of fellows who raise this high-priced stuff.

What has become of all the erstwhile Progressive voters in Ohio county? Have they allowed themselves—as their Old Guard bosses claim—to be hornsogged back into the Republican organization which they left with such righteous contempt or are they still standing out for the principles to which they committed themselves? Four years ago they numbered 1,825 voters in Ohio county. Have they all surrendered to the enemy and cast faith, fellowship and principle into oblivion? Is there none left to preserve the faith—to give honor to the name?

With its last issue the Hartford Republican (along with other State Republican weeklies) uses a political supplement, the subject matter of which first appeared in the Louisville Herald a few days before. It is used purely for political effect and reproduces clippings from the Courier-Journal showing the distressful conditions prevailing among the poor in Louisville during the winter of 1914-15. Of course it aims to put the blame for these conditions upon the Democratic administration. Woodrow Wilson was inaugurated as President on March 4, 1913, and no remedial Democratic legislation had yet had time to take effect during the winter that followed. The dates explain the matter.

It is said that during his speech in Louisville recently, Col. Roosevelt spoke Candidate Hughes' name only once. The main part of the Colonel's speech was devoted to criticism of President Wilson's record and not in eulogy of Candidate Hughes or telling what a splendid President the latter would make. While Teddy is on the stump all right, ostensibly in behalf of the Republican ticket, it is evident that his tour is more to advertise himself and keep himself in the limelight than anything else. Republican leaders have been careful to keep him out of densely settled German communities, where his vitriolic utterances would conflict in print with those of Hughes, who is trying to pacify the Teutons by telling them that Wilson is a political coward and that he (Hughes) is the only man who understands how to administer international affairs.

Almost Over.

Less than a week the tale will be told, and that it will be a glorious one for Democracy seems not to admit of a doubt, but in order to make assurance doubly sure Democrats must not relax a single effort because of over confidence. Let every Democrat insist that every other Democrat go with him to the polls and for four years more he will rejoice that he fought the good fight to keep on guard the man who while doing so much of value to the country, has kept it out of war. Stamp under the rooster and thereby also help to elect the Congressman who have given the President such unwavering support for without a majority of whom he would be unable to accomplish the great things he has done and has on his program to do.

In 1912 when Justice Hughes was a member of the Supreme Court and was asked to become a candidate for President, he said:

"The man who on the highest judicial tribunal would consider another office is fit neither for the one he holds nor for the one to which he aspires."

Not Overworking Himself.

The sight of the Colonel trying to elect anybody but himself to office has the merit of being novel if it hasn't any other.—[Macon Telegraph.]

Dr. C. Ross Bennett, of Williams Mines, spent a few hours in town yesterday. The Doctor was a pleasant caller at The Herald office while here.

WHY I AM FOR WILSON.

By Robert S. Lovett
Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Union Pacific Railway.

I am for Wilson, because I believe he has more really great achievements to his credit than most Presidents who have preceded him. What President has shown more loyal friendship for every form of legitimate business? Even the railroads—the favorite field for political exploitation—have received justice at his hands. Let us not forget what we owe Mr. Wilson for the present prosperity of the country. Are the American people going to permit an American President to be driven from office by an alien element in our population, for daring to insist upon American rights against a foreign government? There is no mistaking this issue.

SENATOR LA FOLLETTE ON THE EIGHT-HOUR LAW

Senator Robert M. La Follette, of Wisconsin, the only Republican Senator to vote for the Eight-hour law, in a signed editorial in the September issue of his magazine defends the passage of the above law and endorses the sentiments of President Wilson's speech at Shadow Lawn Saturday, the 23d.

Says the Senator: "The Eight-hour law is not a force bill. The railway employees demanded an eight-hour day from the railroads. They made no demand on Congress. As was their right, they set a day to quit work in case their demand was refused. Then the roads inaugurated a strike against the public. They refused to accept freight for shipment, especially perishable goods, in many parts of the country. They spent tremendous sums of money in an effort to influence public sentiment and this money must eventually come out of the pockets of the people. The strike meant appalling disaster to farmers, to fruit growers, great damage to all business, including railroads. "The President was not successful in averting the disaster, the railroad managers being particularly obstinate and refusing to concede the principle of the eight-hour day. The President put the matter up to Congress, and Congress, considering only the public good, acted in the public interest. It was not forced by any demands of the workmen or of the railroads. The public interest demanded immediate action, and Congress acted and passed the law. Every Wisconsin representative present voted for the bill, and I believe they were right in doing so. I believe in the eight-hour day. "Did Congress act without due consideration? The question of the eight-hour day for skilled labor was not new. Every Congressman alive to the issues of the day must have been familiar with the subject."

THE PRESIDENT'S PASTOR WRITES AN OPEN LETTER

Washington, Oct. 13, 1916.
To the Editor of the New York Times:

I have read with great interest the article of Professor Stockton Axson entitled "Mr. Wilson as Seen by One of His Family Circle," which has just appeared in the New York Times, and I write to express my hearty commendation of the article. During the time that it has been my privilege to be the President's pastor in Washington, I have had opportunity to become acquainted with both the church life and home life of the President and also to know him more personally.

His church life has been consistent and his regularity in church attendance an example to others. I do not believe that I have been in a home where I have been more impressed with the devotion and confidence of the members of the family and where there was such genuine affection and unselfish concern as in his home. Professor Axson has faithfully described this.

President Wilson has accomplished much in the interpretation of Christian principles as applied to nations, both in respect to their thought and conduct. His achievements for humanity have been conspicuous and far reaching and have laid Christian people under heavy obligation.

His resolute determination to save this nation from the curse and horror of war should meet with prompt and unstinted gratitude from every one who believes in the Christian principle, "On earth peace, good-will toward men."

JAMES H. TAYLOR.

Wilson and the Farmer.
"The present is the first administration that has made a determined effort to show the farmer how to

get satisfactory prices for his harvests. Former administrations have shown the farmer how to fight the boll weevil, the chinch bug, the army worm and other insect pests. But this is the first administration that has dared to make common cause with the farmer against the usurer, the transportation shark, the fake middle man, and the other human pests who in the past have grown rich on the produce of the farmer's toil.

"With these things accomplished in little more than three years, after twenty years of weary waiting, the road to greater freedom is not backward to the old order but forward, holding steadfast to these friends who have proved true."—[The Farmers' Open Forum.]

SITUATION ALL THAT COULD BE DESIRED

In an expression of his views at Washington City last Saturday, as to what is going to happen on November 7 Senator James said:

"The situation is all that could be desired from a Democratic standpoint. It looks to me like it would be as easy to sweep back the tide of a sea as to beat Wilson. In this world's crisis America will not be the nation that will repudiate its ruler, who has given to the people of the United States peace, happy homes, united firesides and a prosperity never dreamed of, instead of war and mourning, death, starvation and disease, which are now visited upon the old world.

"Lincoln said 'Don't swap horses while crossing a stream.' I believe he would have said 'Don't talk about swapping horses while crossing a bloody stream.'"

Yes, Wilson will win. The people of America are patriots. His record of achievement is the marvel of the world. He is not only America's greatest diplomat, but he is the world's greatest diplomat. Many serious-minded, thinking people are wondering what would become of the country between November 7 and March 4 next if the President is repudiated. The element led by Lodge and Roosevelt, distinctly pro-Ally, would say his defeat came about because we haven't gone to war with the Allies against Germany. The pro-Teutons would say that it was because of his submarine policy. More than likely America would be engulfed in a maelstrom of blood and war before the Administration that was supposed to bear the confidence of the American people could be given control. This is causing many people to think, and to think hard. It would simply mean to tangle again the untangled diplomatic problems. Partisan as Americans can be, the price is too great for partisanship to demand."

The True Progressive.

President Wilson said recently that he is a progressive but does not spell it with a big "p." Real and true Progressives know that he has done more to accomplish what they seek than any living man and will vote to retain him on guard. Victor Murdock, of Kansas, Congressman and Progressive leader, has announced that he will vote for Wilson and advocate his election in his paper, the Wichita Eagle, the leading one of his State, and now comes Thomas P. Ryan, of West Virginia, long a member of the Republican National Committee, who says he will vote for Wilson, "because he has given the country more progressive legislation than was ever enacted under any other administration in the nation's history." President Wilson is trying to make the government keep pace with every forward movement of mankind and in his efforts he deserves the support of all who can appreciate them.

Large Majority Predicted.
Mayor Buschmeyer stated Monday morning that, after receiving what appeared to be complete and authentic information from all parts of the city, he is convinced that the Louisville district will give a majority for President Wilson over Mr. Hughes of from 3,000 to 6,000, and that the re-election of Swager Sherry and of Mr. Nathan I. Kahn and the other Democratic candidates is assured by large majorities.

The Mayor said: "This close to an election it is unsafe to give exact figures when one undertakes to make predictions, but I think the local situation has now developed sufficiently to make it plain that the President's majority in this city and county will not fall under 3,000. A more probable guess is 4,500 or 5,000, and, if the drift of registered Independents toward the President is as pronounced as some believe, the President may get 6,000 in the district."

Most Of Regiment For Wilson.
Baltimore, Oct. 31.—A poll of the third section of the First Maryland Regiment, back from the border, shows that 140 are for Wilson and 40 for Hughes.

Corn Potatoes Onions

Will pay 80 cents per bushel for good corn in the shuck.

\$1.50 for good, select Irish potatoes.

Potatoes Onions \$1.00 per bushel

In Merchandise.

Bring in your Corn, Potatoes, Onions and other Produce and get your supplies for the season.

E. P. Barnes & Bro.

Beaver Dam, Ky.

CERIALVO.

Oct. 30.—Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Kimmell, of Paradise, visited their daughter, Mrs. George Casebier, last week.

Mrs. C. B. Everley and little son have returned home after spending several days with her mother, Mrs. W. L. Brown, and other relatives at Equality.

Mrs. W. P. Barnard and children are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Lambert, of Horae Branch.

Miss Myrl Kimmell is quite sick at this writing, of fever.

Mrs. Josie Dennis and children, of Paradise, returned home Sunday after spending several days with her mother, Mrs. W. D. Barnard.

Mr. Orval and Dan Casebier and sister Miss Mary attended the school fair at Greenville last week.

Mr. Grover Brown, who has been working in Harrisburg, Ill., has returned home.

Miss Maggie Hunter, is visiting Mr. Erk Fulkerson and family, of Matanzas.

Mr. W. S. Hill attended the Grand Lodge at Louisville last week.

Singing Convention.

Southern division Ohio County Singing Convention met at Liberty church Sunday, October 29, 1916.

Convention was called to order by chairman C. G. Christian. Song, "Jesus Lover Of My Soul," by congregation, led by Horace Taylor, after which the congregation standing, was led in prayer by J. T. Cox, of Rosine.

Nominations were then called for the election of chairman. Messrs. C. G. Christian and W. V. Sproule nominated. On taking ballot Mr. Christian was re-elected chairman. Nominations for secretary were then called for. Mr. Horace Taylor nominated W. V. Sproule with motion to make nomination unanimous. Motion carried.

The leaders of the different classes were then appointed on committee to arrange the program for the day, and made the following report: Each class to sing two songs each in forenoon and two songs each in afternoon.

Order of classes: Liberty 1st, Horace Taylor, leader; Ricketts, Jr., 2d, Oscar Stewag, leader; Hickory, 3d, J. P. McCoy, leader; Ricketts, Sr., 4th, Bird Lee, leader; Rosine, 5th, C. G. Christian, leader; Dundee, 6th, Dr. J. A. Duff, leader; Horae Branch, 7th, C. G. Christian, leader. After completing the morning pro-

gram convention adjourned at 11:30 a. m. to meet at 1 p. m. Thirty minutes were devoted to singing quartets by various classes.

Convention then proceeded with regular program for afternoon. After finishing at 2:30 p. m., we then had an excellent 15-minutes talk from School Superintendent Ozma Shults.

Convention was then closed with prayer by Bro. N. B. Davis, to meet at Rosine 5th Sunday in April, 1917.

C. G. CHRISTIAN, Ch'm'n.
W. V. SPROULE, Sec'y.

MARRIAGE LICENSE.

H. B. Leach, Beaver Dam, to Una Stevens, Beaver Dam.

Otis Helton, Fordsville, to Dena Hicks, Dundee.

William Asberry Hawkins, Beaver Dam, to Audrey Elizabeth Neighbors, Beaver Dam.

Jesse Chinn, Beaver Dam, to Elsie Lorraine Rowan, Beaver Dam.

Elda Her, Beaver Dam, Route 3, to Iva G. Leach, Horton.

Being on the right side in politics means being on the inside.

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